

#### Simpozionul:

INFLPR

"De la excelenta la competitivitate: tehnologiile generice esentiale"

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### Laser and Plasma-based Nanotechnologies

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National Institute for Lasers Plasma and Radiation Phyics, Lasers Department

**NIPNE Library** 

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**INFLPR Head Office** 

Center for Advances Laser Technologies
CETAL



# Nanotehnologies and advanced materials at INFLPR

#### Synthesis of nanomaterials

Laser photochemistry. Plasma synthesis.

#### **Functionalization of nanomaterials**

Plasma processes for functionalization. Hydrofobic/ hydrofilic laser processed nanostructured surfaces.

#### **Surface nanostructuring**

Laser-surface-plasma interactions. Laser processing of nanostructured thin films.

Nanostructured films by thermionic vacuum arc.

## New micro- and nano-scale laser processing technologies.

1D, 2D, 3D Direct laser writing.
Optical near-field laser processing.
Self-organization of laser induced nanostructures.

#### **Nanophotonics**

Quantum dots.

Metamaterials.

Photonic bandgap structures.

## **Applications of nanostructures** in biology

Nanostructured surfaces for tissue engineering.
Nanomaterials for drug delivery.

# The synthesis of nanomaterials by laser pyrolysis, LCVD and plasma

- Oxides, carbides, nitrides nanoparticles
   (γ-Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, SnO<sub>2</sub>, CN<sub>x</sub>, Fe<sub>3</sub>C, )
- Metalic nanoparticles (Ti, Sn, Fe)
- Core-Shell iron-carbon nanocomposites
- Carbon nanotubes
- Carbon nanowalls
- Carbon nanofibers

#### **Applications**

Magnetic separation of proteins

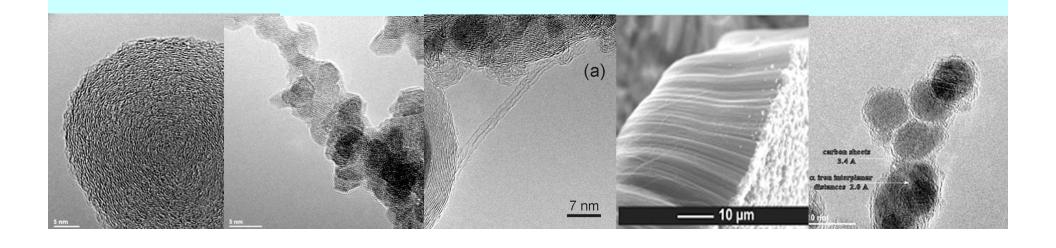
Magnetic sealing

Thermal nanofluids

**Catalysts** 

Composite fillers

Drug delivery and contrast agent for MRI



# Nanostructures obtained by pulsed lasers

- Nanometric ceramic and metallic powder (AIN, Cu, Si quantum dots).
- Porous materials fabrication by laser
   (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>).
- Thin films for photonic crystals.
- Thin films of bio-organic materials and Polymers (MAPLE, PLD).
- Thin films and heterostructures (ferroelectrics, piezoelectrics).

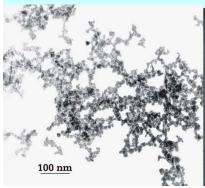
#### **Applications**

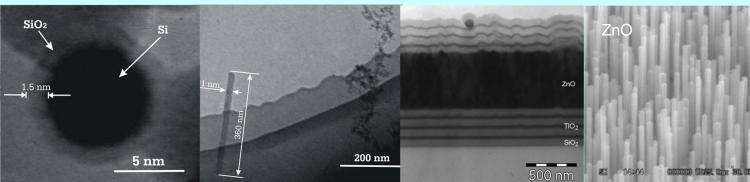
Nanomaterials for catalytic and biological applications.

Heterostructures for light emitters and detectors.

Gas sensors.

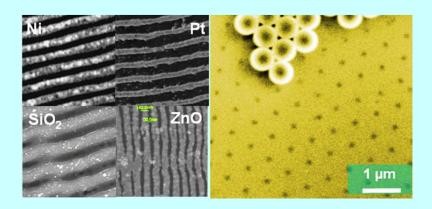
Nanotoxicology – markers.

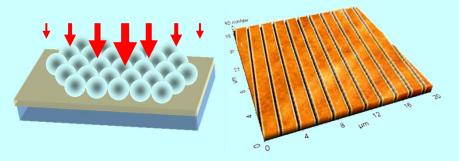




# Nano-scale laser processing technologies on large surfaces

- Self-organization of laser induced periodical nanostructures (metals, dielectrics, polymers)
- Near-field laser processing of large surfaces.





#### **Applications**

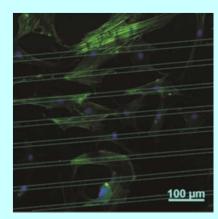
Bio-mimetic surfaces for tissue engineering.

Surfaces with controlled wettability.

Surfaces with increased effective area for sensors.

Nanostructured surfaces for SERS.

Collour coding for surface marking.

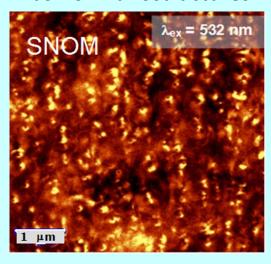




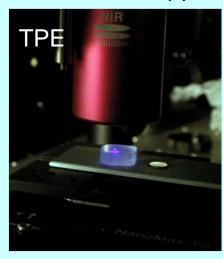
### Nanophotonics

- Nonlinear optical characterization of the nanostructures.
- Metamaterials & Photonic bandgap structures.
- Plasmonic nanostructures.
- Quantum dots characterization (Z-scan, SNOM).
- High resolution optical characterization by Two-Photon Emission (TPE).

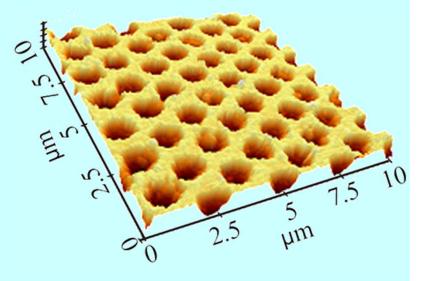
Plasmon nanostructures



TPE microscopy



TiO<sub>2</sub> fs laser patterned film



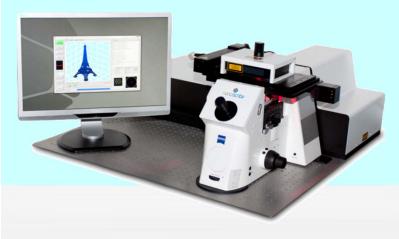
# Center for Advances Laser Technologies CETAL

- L1 High intense laser fields (1 PW laser system)
- L2 Laser macro- and micro-processing
- L3 Photonics-based investigations

# Main infrastructure of CETAL-L2 Laser facility for micro- and nanoprocessing

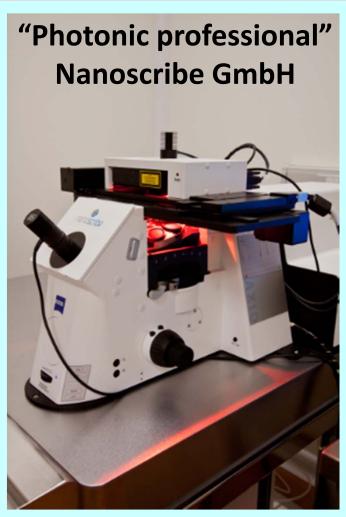
- Laser system for 2D and 3D laser lithography.
- Picoseconds laser for micromachining.
- Pulsed laser deposition system, RHEED compatible.
- Continuum wave and pulsed CO<sub>2</sub> laser for photochemistry and nanomaterials synthesis.
- Clean Room ISO7 (class 10.000) 100 m<sup>2</sup>

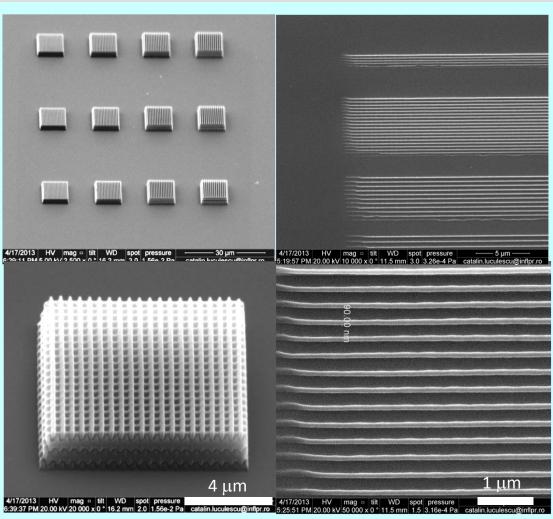
### Laser system for 2D and 3D laser lithography



- micro-optics
- photonic crystals and metamaterials
- scaffolds for tissue engineering
- micro-fluidics
- wire bonding
- 2D masks

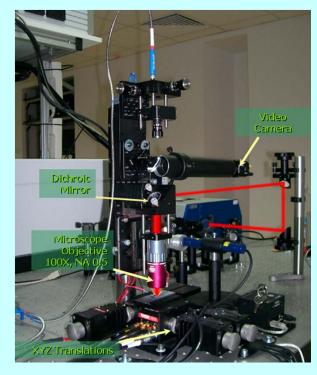
### Laser system for 2D and 3D laser lithography

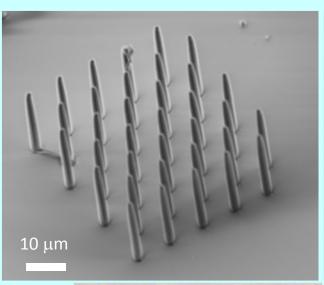


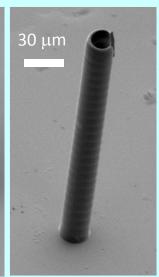


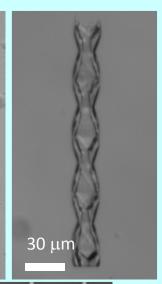
### Laser system for 2D and 3D laser lithography

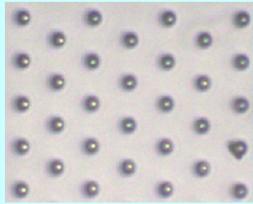
### Microstructures previously produced at INFLPR

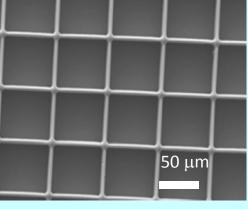












# Femtosecond and Picoseconds laser ablation

- Cutting, drilling, dicing
- Laser Induced Forward Transfer (LIFT)
- Matrix-assisted pulsed laser evaporation direct writing (MAPLE-DW)
- Laser ablation with sub-micrometer resolution



**LUMERA HYPER RAPID 50** 

Pulse duration <15 ps

1065 nm - 50 W

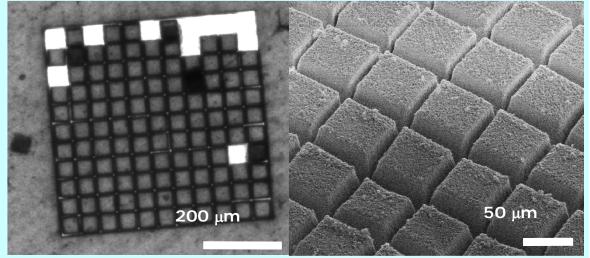
532 nm

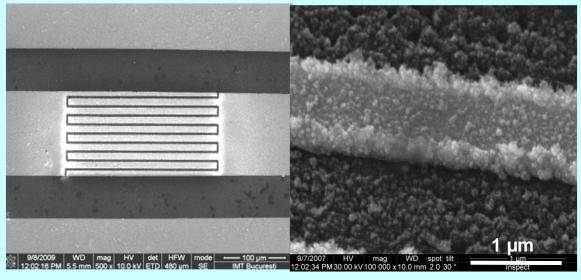
355 nm

500 kHz

# Microstructures fabricated by femtosecond laser ablation

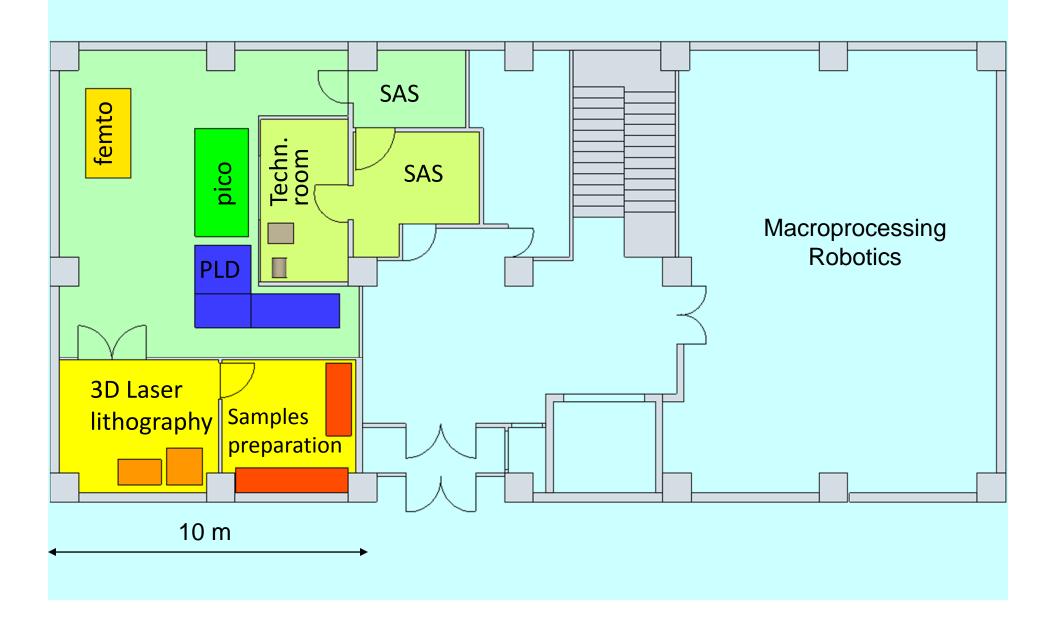
• Cutting, drilling, dicing: Alumina wafers (100 μm thickness)





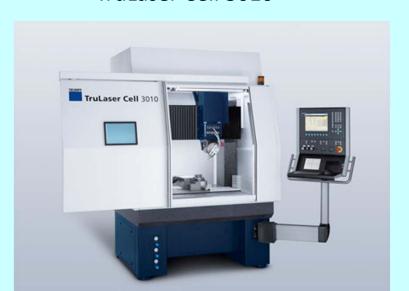
• Laser ablation with submicrometer resolution Gold interdigital capacitors, electrodes for micro-sensors, microwave circuits, etc.

## Clean Room class 10.000 (ISO7)



# Main infrastructure of CETAL-L2 Laser facility for macroprocessing

TruLaser Cell 3010



TruLaser Robot 5020



TruDisk 3001

**TruPulse 62** 

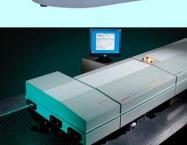
TruMicro 7050

### Main infrastructure of CETAL-L3 Photonics-based investigations

- Raman spectroscopy for imaging and chemical identification.
- Laser-induced breakdown spectroscopy (LIBS) system.
- THz spectrometers.
- Frequency comb laser system 2.5×10<sup>-12</sup> uncertainty; Vis.-IR.
- CW & pulsed tunable stabilized lasers: 200 -10800 nm
- Spectro-radiometers.
- Spectral analyzers.
- Etalons and software.
- Lambdameter for pulsed lasers.
- Laser beam diagnosis.

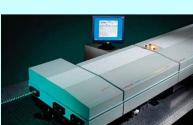












# 1 PW Laser system - CETAL-L1

### High intense laser fields



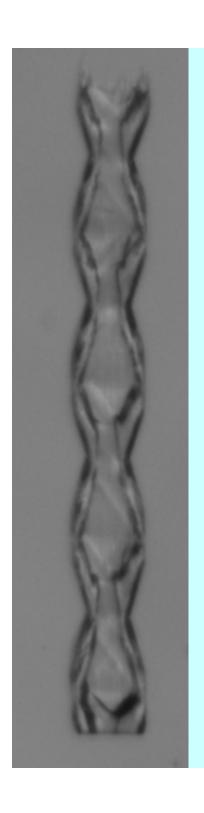
Output 1:	<b>Peak Power</b>	1 PW
	<b>Pulse duration</b>	25 fs
	Rep. Rate.	0.1 Hz

Output 2:	<b>Peak Power</b>	45 TW
	<b>Pulse duration</b>	25 fs
	Rep. Rate.	10 Hz

Output 3:	Peak Power	1GW
	<b>Pulse duration</b>	<b>30</b> fs
	Rep. Rate.	1 KHz

### Conclusions

INFLPR:
$\ \square$ has expertise on nanomaterials synthesis and functionalization of various materials.
developed new laser based technologies for nanostructuring.
$\Box$ is involved in applications of nanomaterials and nanostructures on optics, electronics, medicine, chemistry etc.
offers the acces to a new research infrastructure (CETAL), and provides research services to industrial entities.
☐ is ready to join the EU efforts to develop regional R&D activities.



### Thank you!

www.inflpr.ro cetal.inflpr.ro

**INFLPR** 

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